

Niurka Marcelo Donaldson,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	C/A No. 5:17-cv-00136-TMC
)	
v.)	ORDER
)	
NANCY A. BERRYHILL,)	
Acting Commissioner)	
Of Social Security,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

Pursuant to *Gisbrecht v. Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789, 808 (2002), in reviewing a request for attorney’s fees under § 406(b), a court must look first to the contingent fee agreement and assess its reasonableness. A reduction in the contingent fee may be appropriate when (1) the fee is out of line with the character of the representation and the results achieved; (2) counsel’s delay caused past-due benefits to accumulate during the pendency of the case in court, or (3) past-due benefits are large in comparison to the amount of time counsel spent on the case. *Id.*

Based upon a review of the petition and these factors, the court finds that an award of \$10,523.24 is reasonable. Pursuant to a contingency fee agreement, Plaintiff agreed to pay counsel twenty-five percent (25%) of any past-due benefits. (ECF No. 40-2). Plaintiff was awarded back benefits of \$43,080.96, and 25% of the award was withheld for attorney's fees, or \$10,770.24. (ECF Nos. 40-1 at 1; 40-3 at 2). In compliance with 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A), counsel's requested fee does not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of these past-due benefits. Furthermore, the requested attorney's fee is reasonable given the hours counsel expended working on this matter at the court level. *Wrenn v. Astrue*, 525 F.3d 931, 937 (10th Cir. 2008) (noting that under § 406(b) the court makes fee awards only for work done before the court). Additionally, Plaintiff's counsel achieved a successful result without any unreasonable delay. In light of counsel's specialized skill in social security disability cases, the attorney's fee award does not amount to a windfall. *Cf. Brown v. Barnhart*, 270 F.Supp.2d 769, 772-73 (W.D.Va. 2003).

Therefore, based on the foregoing, Plaintiff's motion for attorney's fees (ECF No. 40) is **GRANTED**, and Plaintiff is awarded a total of \$10,770.24 in attorney's fees.¹

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Timothy M. Cain

United States District Judge

Anderson, South Carolina April 25, 2019

¹"Fee awards may be made under both [EAJA and § 406(b)], but the claimant's attorney must refund to the claimant the amount of the smaller fee [,] . . . up to the point the claimant receives 100 percent of the past-due benefits." *Gisbrecht v. Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789, 796 (2002) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted). Plaintiff has previously been awarded \$4,281.88 in attorney's fees under the EAJA in this action (ECF No. 39). Accordingly, Plaintiff's counsel is to refund to the Plaintiff the previously ordered EAJA fees (\$4,281.88) immediately after he receives the payment of the § 406(b) fees.